

## DE SAULLES MAID HELPS BOTH SIDES

District Attorney Weeks Says Her Deposition Punishes Insanity Defence.

## TAXI DRIVER TESTIFIES

Says Imprisoned Woman Ordered Him to Drive Fast to "The Box."

Although she was again disappointed deeply because her little son was not permitted to visit her, Mrs. Bianca De Saulles showed a rather encouraging improvement yesterday. Following a call at her cell room late in the afternoon Dr. Guy F. Cleghorn, jail physician, who has been attending her every day since her incarceration, announced that she had appeared more cheerful and had been able to sit up part of the day.

To-day being Sunday, the unhappy woman is looking forward to the fact that her little son's present guardians will permit him to come to see her. The fact that his half hour visit on Thursday has apparently been so beneficial to her and that her own and the jail physician both feel that the little chap is the one magic tonic that can coax her back to health is thought may influence little Jack's aunt and uncle to let him go to his mother.

The X-ray photographs taken on Friday afternoon have not been examined as yet, and it is not known whether the report on her condition will be made by the physicians. There seems little possibility at this time, however, that she will be permitted to leave the jail and enter a private sanitarium or hospital.

### Points for Each Side.

The testimony of the maid, Suzanne Mantoux, given in her deposition on Friday, caused a stir on both sides of the case. The most salient feature, however, seemed to be that each of the opposing lawyers was able to find particular points represented as being decidedly advantageous to his case. This is especially unusual when it is realized that except Mrs. De Saulles herself the maid will no doubt be Attorney Sternhart's star witness for the defence.

The Mantoux girl's testimony in regard to the exact manner in which Mrs. De Saulles cooly and deliberately drew her gun and advancing five or six feet toward her former husband started shooting at him does away with all possibility of maintaining a plea of emotional insanity. District Attorney Weeks said yesterday.

According to her testimony Mrs. De Saulles' whole attitude both before and after the shooting was cold and calculated, as if every detail had been carefully planned. Recall how, according to the girl, Mrs. De Saulles said, "Well, then, there is only one thing for me to do. At this point she slowly reached her right hand around to her left pocket and drew her revolver. Even after the shooting she remained calm and collected, coolly ordering them to send for the police."

The attorney for the defence, on the other hand, contends that Suzanne's story is the strongest possible proof that the shooting was in no way premeditated. The revolver, he contends, was taken purely for protection while on the dark ride, and that Mrs. De Saulles had no intention of using it until the moment her former husband had told her that she could not have her little son "now or ever" and had actually physically threatened her.

### Orders to Taxi Driver.

Likewise he points out that the maid's statement of her mistress's orders to the taxi driver to drive fast so that they could get the child and return before the boy's father came back from his club, proves that murder was far from her thoughts.

Additional evidence to be used in the inquest was taken yesterday when the District Attorney got the deposition of James Donner, the chauffeur who drove Mrs. De Saulles and her maid to the Box on the night of the shooting. His testimony, which was brief, included little except to support the maid's evidence that Mrs. De Saulles had ordered him to drive as fast as he could. The rest of the conversation between the maid and her mistress, he testified, was conducted in either French or Spanish, and he understood neither language.

When asked how good he considered his chances were for getting a verdict of guilty District Attorney Weeks replied:

"As far as the case as a whole goes I feel well satisfied, but as for prophesying a favorable verdict, well, remember, she is a woman."

It was discovered yesterday that Mrs. De Saulles in her determination to get an elaborate playground for her little son had taken The Crossways, which contains three acres of land, valued at \$15,000 the season. Several days ago Mr. Utherhart announced to reporters that his client's entire income amounted to the \$2,000 a year, she was receiving and the \$1,000 a year income from what he claimed remained of her original \$100,000 fortune. From other sources came the announcement that it would have been impossible for her to live in the manner that she did on any such sum as \$7,000 and that it was certain that she was receiving financial assistance from her family in Chile.

## NEW RULING ON RATE APPEALS.

I. C. C. Must Approve Applications Before They Are Filed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—In accordance with the new law increasing the membership of the Interstate Commerce Commission from seven to nine, the commission to-day notified all railroads that applications for increasing rates or fares without prior approval of the commission must be discontinued until January 1, 1919.

The order closes the door to the filing of innumerable minor rate increases, as conducted in the past, unless the commission shall approve them first. The commission, however, will give blanket approval to all increased rates and fares, subject later to disapproval, in transit for filing prior to August 12.

"This means," the commission announced, "that the approval of a proposed increased rate, fare, charge or commission must be secured before the tariff containing it is forwarded to the commission for filing."

## CRITIC OF U. S. SENT TO ORE.

Street Speaker Sentenced to 90 Days in Workhouse.

His denunciation of the selective draft law and accusation that the Government is taking away the freedom of the people resulted in a sentence of twenty days in the workhouse for Alfred Levitt, 32 years old, of 59 East 18th street, when arraigned before Magistrate Cobb in the Harlem court yesterday morning. Levitt was interrupted while speaking to a Socialist audience at 1024 street and Madison avenue Friday night. Henry Elder, a private in the military police, while passing the meeting heard Levitt's denunciations and called Patrolman Kennedy of the 10th 100th street station.

## COURT BIDS B. R. T. PURCHASE 250 CARS

Ordway Upholds Public Service Commission's Order.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's attempt to evade the order of the Public Service Commission to purchase 250 additional cars to relieve the congestion in Brooklyn was defeated yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Samuel H. Ordway rendered a decision upholding the commission's order. The B. R. T. had refused to obey the order and had taken the matter to the courts.

The decision of Justice Ordway was hailed as a most important step in the fight of the commission to enforce strict compliance with its order. Speaking of the effect of the decision Commissioner Travis H. Whitney said last night:

"Justice Ordway's decision will have a far reaching and stimulating effect in strengthening the powers of the Public Service Commission. The clearness and legal precision of his opinion make it one of the most notable decisions in the history of the commission which they do not like, no matter how really just or well considered they may be."

## FARMERS SATISFIED WITH WAR TAX BILL

Senator Simmons Completes Explanation of Changes Made in Measure.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, to-day completed his explanation of changes made in the House war tax bill by his committee. The debate will be resumed Monday, at which time Senator La Follette expects to introduce a minority report.

"I believe this is a righteous war made necessary by every consideration of national honor and safety," Senator Simmons said in speaking of the bill's heavy tax levies. "I know money is an essential to its successful prosecution as armies and navies, and I believe every one should pay for its support according to his ability."

The Senator added that attempts to evade paying war taxes would be made only by few persons "to whom war means nothing more than a golden opportunity to profit on necessities."

Of the liquor section Senator Simmons said the Senate committee accepted practically all the House terms imposed on intoxicating beverages, and the changes made were due to the passage of the food control bill and the necessity for raising a larger amount of money through taxation.

"Undoubtedly the prohibition of the manufacture of spirits for beverage purposes," he said, "and the commandment of the President will give to the owners of the stock of spirits in bond and in stock a practical monopoly of the market and prices will be greatly increased."

The higher tax on beer and wine, he said, was deemed necessary because there would be an enlarged market for them. Senator Simmons said the farmers were willing to bear their share of the war taxes and that no request for exemption from the provisions of the bill had reached him from them. He told the Senate the farmers had received returns for their products on the average beyond their most optimistic dreams and that they would continue to reap a splendid net return under the prevailing prices.

## CAPITAL MAY BE \$200,000,000.

American Nitrogen Chemical Company Is Name of New Merger.

The concern resulting from the merger of the National Carbon Company, Union Carbide Company and the Air Reduction Company will be called the American Nitrogen Chemical Company, and although no official announcement has been made, it is understood that the combined capital has been tentatively placed at \$200,000,000.

Trading was begun yesterday on the curb market in the stock of the new corporation, which was quoted at 10 1/2, bid at the opening. Later it was quoted at 21 to 25, 100 shares having changed hands at 21. Trading was light in the stocks of the three concerns which will enter the merger, but prices were held firm. Union Carbide was quoted at 19 1/2 to 19 3/4, Air Reduction at 9 1/2 to 9 3/4 and National Carbon at 7 1/2 to 7 3/4.

The new corporation will take over the entire nitrogen business of the Air Reduction Company. The bonds on which the stock of the various companies will be exchanged for stock in the new company has not been definitely fixed.

## Secretary Baker in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 11.—Secretary of War Newton D. Baker came to Cleveland to-day to see his mother and transact some personal business.

## Bloomingdales

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALES

COMMENCE TOMORROW MORNING

ALL CASH TRANSFER TO Bloomingdales

20th to 50th St.—Old to New Ave.

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## LOCHNER FINDS 3 OUT OF 4 FOR PEACE

Former Mentor of Ford Party Weighs U. S. in Hollow of His Hand.

## 75 PER CENT. PACIFIC

Predicts Congressmen Who Opposed War With Germany Will Be Rewarded.

Louis P. Lochner, former college professor and one time mentor of the late lamented Ford Peace (Out-of-the-Trenches) by way of the Oscar II. Party, yesterday weighed his fellow citizens of the United States in the hollow of his hand. Having weighed them, he made a conservative estimate, based on ten years association with pacifist organizations and his present position as executive secretary of the Organizing Committee of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace—having weighed them, to repeat, he made a perfectly conservative estimate that 75 per cent. of the population of these United States is utterly opposed to war with Germany.

Immediately after making this estimate Mr. Lochner, for good measure, made another estimate to the effect that the Congressmen who voted for this war are going to be all out in the cold at the next election, while the Representatives who stood for peace at any price are all going to be in the warm. He said that "twelve" from the Senate will probably be made—well, Governors or something of the sort.

It took a great deal of trouble and risk for a SUN reporter to get these estimates yesterday. To begin with, he had to go to the Educational Building, at 2 West Thirtieth street, where are the offices of the Organizing Committee of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace. There are a number of pacifist associations in this edifice. Long ago the people who run the building saw that it was hopeless to put all their names on the hall directory, so the colored elevator boy came to the rescue by writing them down himself on a slip of paper he kept tucked behind his signal buzzer box.

### Director's Custodian.

All one had to do then was to ask George Jackson, which was the elevator boy's name, for the number of such and such a society, and he would produce the list. A catastrophe came, however, when somebody mistook the list for one of those paper bath towels and ran away with it. It is not known just how many peace societies are harbored in the Educational Building. The aforementioned hall directory mentions the American Union Against Militarism, the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, the New York Peace Society, the League to Enforce Peace, the Church Peace Union, the Women's Peace Party and the Civil Liberties Bureau, which is sponsoring the cause of those young men who don't want to go to war because they have conscientious objections.

After passing through all these pacifist entanglements, it was a bitter disappointment to find that Mr. Lochner was not at home. He had recently returned from Washington, where he held an anti-war meeting in the auditorium of the Committee on Military Affairs of the United States Senate, thus turning the devil's own weapons to pious uses and incidentally greatly aggravating Senator Chamberlain.

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### Launching of Estimates.

It was at this point that the famous pacifist was asked to say just what proportion of American citizens support the theory of the P. C. O. A. F. D. A. P., especially that part of it which declares that they will not fight for this country against Germany.

"Fifty per cent. of the people of this country are openly against war," he declared flatly. "Another 25 per cent. are opposed to it but are not saying so openly. But as soon as a public protest is started you will hear their voices."

"How do you reconcile these figures with the number of men who marched in the great preparedness parades of a year and more ago?" Mr. Lochner was asked next.

"Oh! anybody will march in a parade."

"How about the many thousands of young men who have applied for training at Plattsburg and elsewhere to be officers in the national army? These men come from the thinking classes, who shape public opinion," the reporter quizzed.

"Patriotic enthusiasm accounts for many of them. Also many of them probably applied because they figured they would be drafted anyhow. I have been told by people who have seen these boys recently that they are utterly disgusted at the sordid horrors of war as it has been taught to them. They have been taught how to wield a bayonet so as to disembowel an opponent and how to get a grip on an enemy's throat so as to snap his neck at the same time they remove his eyes with their thumbs. Many of them have vomited and fainted at drill over the dreariness of it."

Now it so happened that the reporter had just finished doing a three months bit at Plattsburg, and he explained that Mr. Lochner's informant was in error.

Now he was packing up his things preparatory to starting for Minneapolis, where a monster anti-war conference is to be staged on September 1 and the organization of the People's Council of America for Democracy and Peace is to be completed on a nationwide scale.

By going to Waverley Place Mr. Lochner was discovered at his home in the Hotel Earle, where he was asked how he planned to stop the war this time.

### Aims of Movement.

"The P. C. O. A. F. D. A. P. aims to get a clear statement of the purposes of the countries now at war and their terms for peace," he explained. "The truth is that Americans do not know what we are at war for."

"In Washington the other day I was talking with Senator J. Ham Lewis. He told me that this country was at war to avenge the death of Americans who had been killed by German submarines. When I mentioned that President Wilson has said we are at war in the cause of humanity and to insure democracy, he replied that he wasn't interested in humanity—it was the dead Americans he was concerned with. A little while later I was talking with a prominent Republican Congressman on the same matter. He declared he didn't know why we were at war. Ever since things started, he said, the Republican minority had been left out of the confidences of the Administration and really didn't know what was going on inside."

"Now when the President says we're at war for one thing, the Democratic whip says we're at war for another, and a Republican says he doesn't know what we're at war for, it is a businesslike thing to get to the bottom of the matter. Let's say so and then try to have Germany agree to give up the practice. Then we can have peace. If it's the dismemberment of Germany and the overthrow of the Hohenzollerns, let's say so, and then perhaps Germany will."

While the use of the bayonet is an important part of the course, instruction in gouging out eyes is not part of the infantry drill regulations of the United States army nor ever has been, nor was it taught at Plattsburg to the reporter's certain knowledge. Wherever Mr. Lochner said he was glad to hear it.

Mr. Lochner explained that the meeting next September 1 will result in plans being made by the P. C. O. A. F. D. A. P. whereby the opinion of America's 75 per cent. of pacifists will force this Government to declare what it is fighting for. Then it will either try to get Germany to agree to these aims or it will force the Government to change them until they can be agreed to. In either case peace will result.

### DR. CHURCHMAN'S ENTRY WINS

White Sulphur Spojers Turn Out for Horse Show.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRING, N. V., Aug. 11.—The second session of the annual horse show at the Meadows was well attended. Dr. Vincent T. Churchman's Lord Harry was the cup presented by Mrs. Franklin D. Pelton.

Seated with the Misses McLaughlin in a box were Mrs. Kellogg Bradley, Miss Josephine McCune, Miss Margaret McKim Gordon, Harry C. Black and Franklin H. Mills of New York, who arrived here this morning. Others in the boxes were Col. Wirt Robinson of West Point, Mrs. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Parnely W. Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. Decatur Astor, John Middleton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Strobel, Mrs. F. D. Pelton, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sterry, Dr. and Mrs. John Herndon French, Mrs. Lloyd Lowndes, Miss Elizabeth Lowndes, Col. and Mrs. James R. Branch and Mr. and Mrs. John B. Stanoheld.

Mrs. James T. Terry of New York joined Mrs. William Anson at the Greenbrier. Other New York arrivals include Mr. and Mrs. Archibald A. Wilson, Miss Nancy and Richard Wilson, Fielding Lewis Taylor and Richard H. Gaines.

### GIVES JEWELS TO AID JEWS.

Illinois Women Believed Inspired by Nathan Straus.

An Illinois woman, Mrs. Charles Brady of Rock Island, has given away her jewels, including her engagement ring, for the Jewish War Relief Fund. The action is preliminary to a proposed nationwide movement to induce the Jews of the United States to part with their jewels for the cause. The step taken by Nathan Straus, who has offered his New York City residence for sale, is believed to have inspired Mrs. Brady.

The Central Committee for the Relief of Jews Suffering Through the War, of which Harry Fischel, 51 Chambers street, is treasurer, is trying to raise \$100,000. Mrs. Brady's gift is taken as a happy omen.

### NAVIGATION SCHOOLS RUSHED.

Will Train Officers for New Merchant Marine.

PORTON, Aug. 11.—The United States Shipping Board recruiting service, the headquarters of which are in this city, to-day announced the completion of arrangements for the opening of free navigation schools on the Pacific coast. The schools will be at San Pedro, San Diego, San Francisco, Portland, Astoria and Seattle. In a few weeks, it was stated all the thirty schools authorized by Congress will be training deck officers for the new merchant marine.

By September 1, according to officials, the capacity of the navigation schools will be about 700 deck officers a month.

### Oldest Odd Fellow Dies at 100.

AUBURN, N. Y., Aug. 11.—William Lamey, the oldest Odd Fellow in America, having been a member of the order for seventy-three years, died to-day in his 101st year. On May 1 his centennial was celebrated by the Odd Fellows of the State.

## SENATE PLANS LAW TO CURB I. W. W.

King of Utah Urges Bill to Cancel Citizenship of Agitators.

### Special Dispatch to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—So serious has become the concern here over recent activities of the I. W. W., that direct suppressive legislation is now under consideration in the Senate.

Senator Myers of Montana announced to-day that drastic legislation was in preparation to meet defects in existing laws by which the alleged league for the propagation of disorder has thrived. The Federal and most of the existing State statutes fail to accord either the Federal or State governments the power to apply with severity commensurate with the offenses the firm, relentless hand which actions of the I. W. W. are thought to demand.

World Denaturalize Pro-Germans. Senator King of Utah spoke of the "pernicious activity" of the I. W. W. and urged legislation not only to break up the organization, but to cancel the citizenship papers of naturalized agitators of pro-German sympathy, a large number of whom are known to be in the membership. Said Senator King:

"I have received an avalanche of letters and telegrams from Utah and other States petitioning against the pernicious crimes and acts of violence of the I. W. W. in the West. If the States have not adequate legislation to deal with these outrages Congress ought to pass the necessary legislation at once."

Senator Poindestre of Washington asked what steps such have been taken to curb I. W. W. lawlessness. Senator Myers explained that the administration of the Western States where the I. W. W. has been multiplying

were doing what they could, but the laws seemed to be inadequate. Senator Poindestre replied that it seemed to him that there was ample law to preserve domestic order in any State.

"Most of the I. W. W. leaders are outlaws," said Senator Poindestre, "or ought to be made outlaws because of their official utterances, inflammatory literature and acts of violence. Their speakers advocate murder and openly advocate destruction of property."

### Urges Use of Military.

"The proper way to get after these outlaws is through military force. They seem to claim some special immunity for committing murder, arson and acts of sabotage. I have received letters showing that the lawlessness of the I. W. W. seriously threatens to reduce the lumber production of the Northwest. Those I. W. W. leaders threaten to paralyze one of the nation's most vital industries in the crisis of war."

Senator Poindestre referred to petitions he had received from the Clearwater Lumber Company and its employees in his State. Both the company and the employees, he said, were agreed on the principle of the eight hour day. He introduced a bill establishing an eight hour day for all lumbering and woodworking plants whose products find their way into interstate commerce.

Senator Hollis here interposed: "The I. W. W. teaches resistance to all authority—all laws—all order. Authority, State and local, must take care of the situation. But this organization is taking advantage of the war to stir up opposition to the Government."

SPRINGFIELD CAR STRIKE ENDS. Trolley men at Work To-day After Three Weeks Tie-up.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 11.—The strike here of street car operatives, which has resulted in the fatal shooting of a policeman and disorders through a period of three weeks, necessitating the calling of troops, was settled this afternoon and all old employees of the car company will return to work to-morrow morning.

The full recognition of the union was denied, the men will be permitted to retain their union membership. A new wage scale with a 25 cent minimum and a 30 cent maximum was agreed on.

## SOCIALISTS' ORGAN BARRED.

Second Class Mail Privilege of "American Socialist" Revoked.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 11.—The American Socialist, official weekly publication of the National Socialist party, to-day received word from Washington that its second class mailing privilege had been revoked by the Post Office Department.

This order is said to have grown out of the fact that the last three issues of the publication in June were held unmailed under the espionage law.

"Because of this," declared U. L. Engdahl, editor, "it is asserted the continuity of the American Socialist has been interrupted and therefore our mailing privilege must be revoked. Our attorney had an interview with President Wilson early this week and the President declared he thought it a mistake to suppress Socialist papers. We are planning to apply for another second class mailing permit."

## BARRED BY GERMAN ANCESTRY.

Brooklyn Athlete Seeks to Join Ambulance Unit.

STRAUSE, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Although barred from the Syracuse University ambulance unit by the American Field Service officials because of his German ancestry, Chris Schlichter, star varsity football man of Brooklyn, may go to France with the unit after all. The unit's members will hold a place open and he will be asked to join.

News that he had been barred created indignation here among organizers of the unit. Lieut.-Gov. Schoenbeck, Judge D. Raymond Cobb and others have taken up the cudgels in his behalf.

## Kansas Corn Can't Feed Hogs.

LANCOM, Neb., Aug. 11.—In a letter to the Nebraska Board of Agriculture to-day, J. C. Mohler, secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, declared the corn crop in Kansas was not going to be great enough to feed the hogs raised in that State. He asked that the Nebraska Board bring the matter to the attention of Nebraska corn growers in order that they might be induced to buy young hogs which Kansas cannot feed.

Founded 1826 Greeley 1900

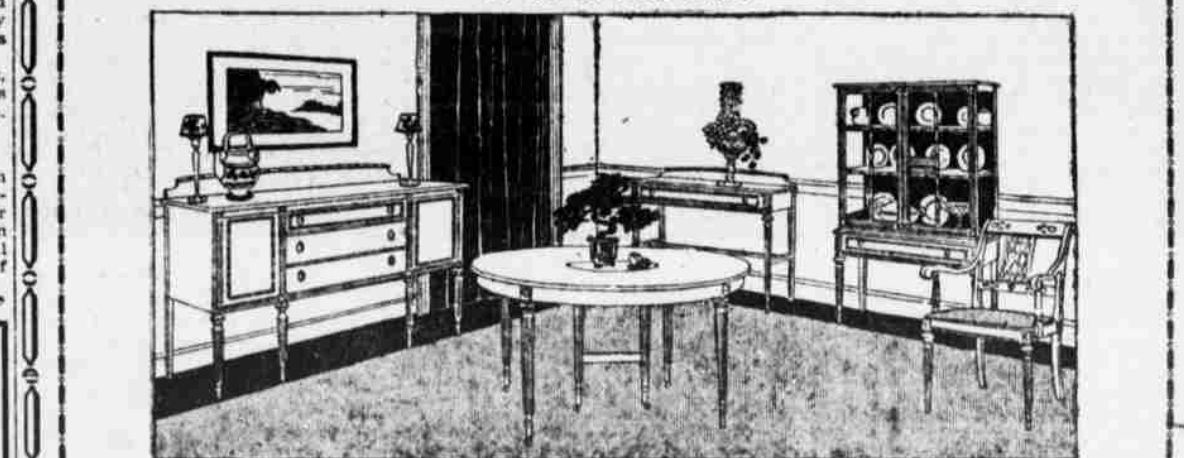
# Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

## Dining Room Furniture

Featured Tomorrow in the Midsummer Sale

August Reductions Throughout the Entire Stock Range From 10 to 50 Per Cent.



Mahogany or Walnut Sheraton Dining Room Suite, ten pieces, 72-inch Sideboard, 43-inch China Cabinet, 42-inch Serving Table, 54-inch Extension Table, extending to eight feet, five Side Chairs, and one Arm Chair, seats upholstered in haircloth \$495.00

Sixth Floor.

## August Sale of Oriental Rugs

The Most Important Sale of Oriental Rugs We Have Ever Held

## Room Size Rugs

Size.	Formerly, Sale Price.	Size.	Formerly, Sale Price.
Mahal 9.3x7.3	\$145.00 <b>\$115.00</b>	Chinese 12.0x9	\$240.00 <b>\$175.00</b>
Mahal 10.3x7.3	\$165.00 <b>\$140.00</b>	Chinese 12x9	\$250.00 <b>\$185.00</b>
Mahal 11.3x9.6	\$225.00 <b>\$165.00</b>	Chinese 12x12	\$375.00 <b>\$250.00</b>
Khiva 12.10x9.1	\$225.00 <b>\$175.00</b>	Kirmanshah 8.10x9.6	\$400.00 <b>\$240.00</b>
Khiva 12.3x8.10	\$200.00 <b>\$135.00</b>	Kirmanshah 11.0x8.7	\$560.00 <b>\$395.00</b>
Khiva 14.6x10.2	\$325.00 <b>\$230.00</b>	Kirmanshah 11.10x8.10	\$525.00 <b>\$440.00</b>